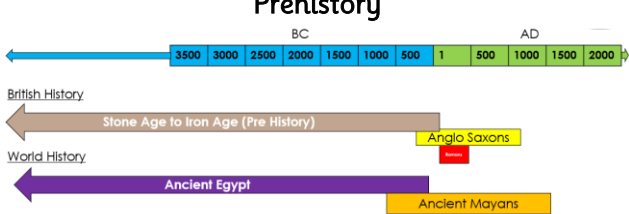
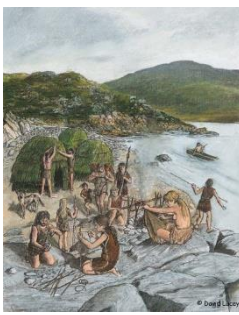
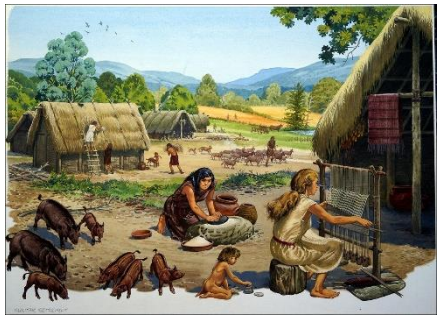


Knowledge Organiser:	Term: Autumn Term	Year Group: 3
Enquiry question	How did Britain change from the beginning of the Stone Age to the end of the Iron Age?	

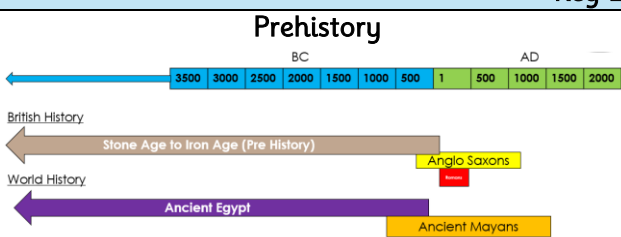
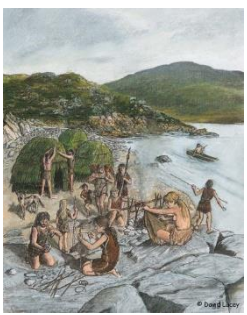
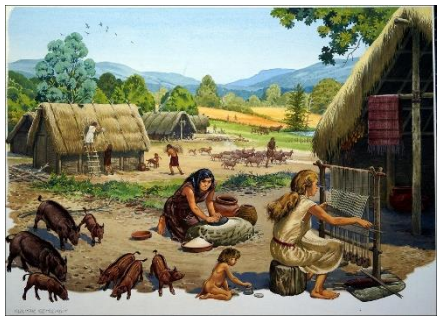
Assessment	I fully understand 	I understand some 	I do not understand 
Content Knowledge	I know how people lived during the Mesolithic, Neolithic and Palaeolithic periods.		
Chronology	I know how BC and AD relate to one another and can use a timeline to place where the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age appeared.		
	I know what is meant by pre-history.		
Historical Enquiry	I can look for details and hidden meanings in artefacts to help me understand this period in time.		

Key Learning		
Prehistory 		Stone Age Artefacts 
Palaeolithic  People were nomads meaning they constantly moved around to find food by hunting and gathering.	Mesolithic  Humans began to settle near lakes and rivers with sturdier shelters.	Neolithic  Humans learnt to farm and built permanent settlements.

Key Vocabulary		
Word	Picture	Definition
pre-history		A time before written records existed.
artefact		An object with historical or cultural importance.
flint knapping		Making tools from stone by carefully tapping or hitting a rock until it becomes a sharp tool or arrowhead.
tribe		A group of people who live, work, and support each other
Hunter-gatherer		A person who gets their food by hunting wild animals, catching fish, and gathering wild fruits, nuts, and vegetables.
settlement		A place where a group of people build homes, live, and create a community.

Knowledge Organiser:	Term: Autumn Term	Year Group: 4
Enquiry question	How did Britain change from the beginning of the Stone Age to the end of the Iron Age?	

Assessment	I fully understand 	I understand some 	I do not understand 
Content Knowledge	I know how people lived during the Mesolithic, Neolithic and Palaeolithic periods.		
Chronology	I know how BC and AD relate to one another and can use a timeline to place where the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age appeared.		
	I know what is meant by pre-history.		
Historical Enquiry	I can look for details and hidden meanings in primary and secondary sources to help me understand this period in time.		

Key Learning		
Prehistory 		Stone Age Artefacts  A primary source is an original record created during the time period. A secondary source is an interpretation of a primary source created after a time period.
Palaeolithic  People were nomads meaning they constantly moved around to find food by hunting and gathering.	Mesolithic  Humans began to settle near lakes and rivers with sturdier shelters.	Neolithic  Humans learnt to farm and built permanent settlements.

Key Vocabulary		
Word	Picture	Definition
pre-history		A time before written records existed.
artefact		An object with historical or cultural importance.
flint knapping		Making tools from stone by carefully tapping or hitting a rock until it becomes a sharp tool or arrowhead.
tribe		A group of people who live, work, and support each other
Hunter-gatherer		A person who gets their food by hunting wild animals, catching fish, and gathering wild fruits, nuts, and vegetables.
settlement		A place where a group of people build homes, live, and create a community.

