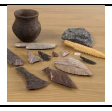
St Sebastian's Primary School Knowledge Organiser

Term : **Autumn 1** Subject: **History** Year Group: **3**

Vocabulary		
Word	Picture	Definition
Prehistory		A time before written records existed.
Archaeology		The study of human activity in the past by finding materials that they made or used.
Artefacts		Objects collected from history.
Settlement		A place where a community of people live.
Hunter gatherer		Someone who hunts animals and gathers wild food
Tools		Devices made to help with different functions; hunting, farming, building.
Bronze		A type of metal made from a mixture of copper and tin. It is a much harder and more long-lasting material than stone or
Iron		A metal that is stronger and harder than bronze.

Stone Age

A period of time when humans used stone to make tools covers over 3 million years. It can be broken down into 3 smaller time periods:

Palaeolithic old	Around 3,000,000 BC Early humans used simple stone tools with sharp edges.
Mesolithic middle	Around 10,000 BC Humans were hunter-gatherers and constantly were constantly on the move in order to stay safe and warm.
Neolithic new	Around 4500—2400 BC. Farming developed and villages were built.

Bronze Age

A period of time, with no written records, where early humans made tools from bronze. The use of bronze was brought to Britain around 2100 BC and lasted around 1500 years.

Iron Age

The Iron Age in Britain started around 800 BC. It followed the Bronze Age after iron began to be used for making weapons and tools — it was stronger than bronze and easier to work with. The Iron Age continued in Britain for about 800 years until the Romans invaded in AD 43

