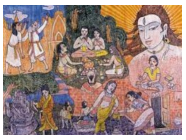
St Sebastian's Primary School Knowledge Organiser

Term—**Autumn 1** Subject **RE— Being Human Hinduism** Year **5**

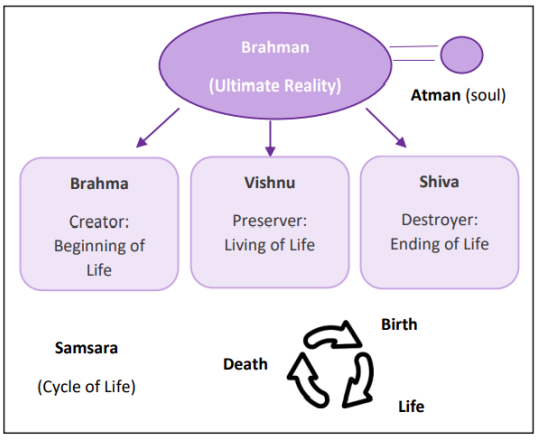
Vocabulary		
Word	**Picture**	**Definition**
atman		The eternal soul. The bit of Brahman that can be found in all living things.
Trimurti		Three important deities that represent the cycle of life and allow Hindus to worship Brahman
dharma		Duty. By fulfilling their duty Hindus believe that they will achieve Moksha.
Moksha		The ultimate goal. Freedom from the cycle of samsara.
samsara		The cycle of birth, life, death and reincarnation that every atman travels on
deities		A god or goddess; a word used to describe the different beings that represent different aspects of Brahman.
Monotheistic	1	Belief in one Ultimate Reality/ God
Brahman		The Ultimate Reality or life force; there is a bit of Brahman in every living thing (atman)
karma		Actions—good actions help to fulfil dharma and helps the atman achieve Moksha; bad actions prevent this.

What should we know?

- That 'Hinduism' is an umbrella term for a collection of ways of living and is **monotheistic**. **Brahman** is the ultimate reality or life force
- That the Hindu **Trimurti** represents the cycle of life and helps Hindus worship **Brahman**. Other **deities** help Hindus understand more about **Brahman**.
- That the **atman** (soul) is a bit of **Brahman**; each living thing has an **atman**.
- The **atman** travels on the cycle of **samsara** (birth, death and reincarnation).
- The ultimate goal for Hindus is to break free from the cycle of **samsara** and reach **Moksha** (freedom from the cycle).
- Hindus believe they will get their **atman** (soul) closer to **Moksha** by fulfilling their **dharma** (duty).

What should we be able to do?

- Explain that the Ramayana is an important story for Hindus because it helps them understand why fulfilling your **dharma** (duty) is important
- Know that **moksha** is freedom from **samsara** and that it can be achieved by fulfilling your **dharma** by carrying out good **karma**
- Understand that Hindus get information about **Brahman**, the **atman**, **dharma** and **moksha** from a range of sources, including holy texts, religious leaders and family members





The story of Ramayana.